# Word Study H7684 shegagah ignorance, unawares, G50 agneo, G51, G52

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$(1)2 \ agnota$	

## Introduction

I want to write an article that compares these words of ignorance (*shegagah*) with its opposite words (*zud/zadon* pride/presumptuously) <sup>A</sup>.

See also B

# H7684 shegagah KJC:19 ignorance<sup>12</sup>, unawares<sup>4</sup>, error<sup>2</sup>, unwittingly<sup>1 from H7683</sup> שָׁנֶגָּר

**BDB:** 1) sin, sin of error or inadvertence, inadvertent sin; 1a) error; noun feminine, from <u>H7683</u>

**KJC:** 19

ignorance, 12 Lev 4:2, 22, 27, Lev 5:15, 18, Num 15:24-29 (7)

unawares, 4 Num 35:11, 15, Jos 20:3, Jos 20:9

error, 2 Ecc 5:6, Ecc 10:5

unwittingly, 1 Lev 22:14

## WordStudy ®

A feminine noun meaning mistake, inadvertent transgression, error, ignorance. The primary meaning is an inadvertent error performed in the daily routine of life that ranged from a slip of the tongue (Ecc 5:6 [5]); to accidental manslaughter (Num 35:11, Num 35:15; Jos 20:3, Jos 20:9). When used with the word haṭa '(H2398),

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> See Word-Study-H2102-zud-H2087-zadon-pride-presumptuously-sod-pottage article #<u>783</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Numbers-15-and-the-one who-acts-presumptuously-ie-with-a-High-Hand, article #???

<sup>C</sup> it describes a procedure or policy used by priests for the guilt offering that atones for inadvertent sin (<u>Lev 4:2</u>, <u>Lev 4:27</u>; <u>Lev 5:15</u>, <u>Lev 5:18</u>). Unatoned sin breaks the order and peace between God and people, even if unintentional, and an atonement has to be made. The noun also describes acts in which the sinner is conscious, yet the sinfulness of those acts becomes known after the act takes place.

LXX: G52 agnoia

# H7683 shagag KJC:11 erred<sup>5</sup>, also, astray, deceived, ignorantly, sinneth, went

#### BDB:

1) to go astray, err, commit sin or error; 1a) (Qal), 1a1) to err (mentally), 1a2) to sin (ignorantly or inadvertently). verb

**KJC:** 11

erred, 5 Lev 5:18, Num 15:22, 1Sa 26:21, Job 6:24, Job 19:4

also, 1 Gen 6:3

**astray, 1** Psa 119:67

**deceived, 1** Job 12:16

ignorantly, 1 Num 15:28

sinneth, 1 Num 15:28 (2)

went, 1 Psa 119:67

LXX: G50 agnoeo

## **WordStudy** ®

A verb meaning to stray, to be deceived, to err, to go astray, to sin ignorantly. The primary meaning of this word is to commit an error, to sin inadvertently. In Leviticus, this word referred to the unintentional sin atoned for by the sacrifice of a ram, referred to as a guilt offering (Lev 5:18). In addition to Leviticus, Num 15:28 also described the priestly function in atonement for one's unintentional sin. Recognition of sin may result from a realization or awareness of covenant violations due to the work of the human consciousness. The psalmist used this word to describe an action before he was afflicted (i.e., he went astray [Psa 119:67]). This verb was also used to designate erring mentally on the part of self or another person (i.e., being the deceived or the deceiver [Job 12:16]).

H7686 shagah KJC:20 err<sup>(ed)(eth)7</sup>, astray<sup>2</sup>, go<sup>2</sup>, ravished<sup>2</sup>, wander(ed)<sup>3</sup>, deceiv(ed)(er)<sup>2</sup>, ignorance, sin,

#### **BDB Definition:**

1) to go astray, stray, err

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> See Sin-lieth-at-the-Door-Gen-4-7, article #777.

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1a) (Qal)

1a1) to err, stray
1a2) to swerve, meander, reel, roll, be intoxicated, err (in drunkenness)
1a3) to go astray (morally)
1a4) to commit sin of ignorance or inadvertence, err (ignorantly)

1b) (Hiphil)

1b1) to lead astray
1b2) to lead astray, mislead (mentally)
1b3) to lead astray (morally)
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**Strong's** A primitive root; to *stray* (causatively *mislead*), usually (figuratively) to *mistake*, especially (morally) to *transgress*; by extension (through the idea of intoxication) to *reel*, (figuratively) *be enraptured:* - (cause to) go astray, deceive, err, be ravished, sin through ignorance, (let, make to) wander.

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Total KJV Occurrences: 20
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err, 4 Psa 119:21, Psa 119:118, Pro 19:27, Isa 28:7
astray, 2 Pro 5:23, Pro 28:10
erred, 2 Isa 28:7 (2)
go, 2 Pro 5:23, Pro 28:10
ravished, 2 Pro 5:19-20 (2)
wander, 2 Deu 27:18, Psa 119:10
deceived, 1 Pro 20:1
deceiver, 1 Job 12:16
erreth, 1 Eze 45:20
ignorance, 1 Lev 4:13
sin, 1 Lev 4:13 (2)
wandered, 1 Eze 34:6
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#### LXX related word(s)

G50 agnoeo	G1289 dia speiro	G1578 ek klino	G1839 ex istemi	G683 st. ap otheo	G4105 planao
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### **Related Greek words**

G50 agnoeo KJC:22 ingnorant(ly)<sup>13</sup>, know(ing)<sup>3</sup>, understood<sup>2</sup>, unknown<sup>2</sup>, understand<sup>1</sup>

# άγνοέω

**Strong's** From <u>G1</u> (as a negative particle) and <u>G3539</u>; *not to know* (through lack of information or intelligence); by implication to *ignore* (through disinclination): - (be) ignorant (-ly), not know, not understand, unknown.

## **Total KJV Occurrences: 22**

**ignorant, 11** Rom 1:13, Rom 10:3, Rom 11:25, 1Co 12:1 (2), 1Co 14:38 (2), 2Co 1:8, 2Co 2:11, 1Th 4:13, Heb 5:2

**ignorantly, 2** Act 17:23, 1Ti 1:13

**know, 2** Rom 6:3, Rom 7:1

understood, 2 Mar 9:32, Luk 9:45

unknown, 2 2Co 6:9, Gal 1:22

knew, 1 Act 13:27

knowing, 1 Rom 2:4

understand, 1 2Pe 2:12

#### **WordStudy**®

contracted  $agno \hat{o}$ , fut.  $agno \hat{e} s \bar{o}$ , from the priv.  $a(\underline{G1})$ , not, and  $no \hat{e} \bar{o} (\underline{G3539})$ , to perceive, understand. Not to recognize or know.

(I) To be ignorant of, unacquainted with, followed by the acc. (Act 17:23; Rom 10:3; Rom 11:25; 2Co 2:11); with the prep. peri(G4012), concerning, meaning to be in ignorance concerning anything (1Co 12:1; 1Th 4:13); followed by hóti(G3754), that (Rom 1:13 "I would not have you ignorant," i.e., be well assured; Rom 2:4; Rom 6:3; Rom 7:1; Rom 11:25; 1Co 10:1; 2Co 1:8). In the pass., to be unknown, unrecognized, rejected (2Co 6:9). It came to mean to be ignorant, to have no discernment of, not to understand (Mar 9:32; Luk 9:45; Rom 10:3; Act 13:27 [cf. Act 17:23; 1Co 2:8; 1Co 14:38] "let him be ignorant [voluntarily]," of foolish action; 1Ti 1:13]).

(II) To err, to commit a fault or faults arising from the want of discernment, knowledge, or insight, denoting conduct of which the result and importance is unperceived by the agent (Heb 5:2; 2Pe 2:12; Sept.: Lev 4:13; Lev 5:18). The idea that sin can be done ignorantly and involuntarily is not found in the NT.

**Deriv**.: agnóema (G51), mistake, oversight, sin resulting from ignorance; ágnoia (G52), ignorance.

Syn.: lantháno (G2990), to be hidden, concealed, unknown.

Ant.: noéo (G3539), to perceive; katanoéo (G2657), to perceive clearly; eído (G1492), to consider; suneidéo

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>D</sup> What's the point of this comment from WordStudy ®?

(G4894), to have mental perception; *mantháno* (G3129), to learn; *katamantháno* (G2648), to learn thoroughly; *ginósko* (G1097), to know by experience and observation; *epiginosko* (G1921), to have full knowledge, to accept the knowledge of revelation; *katalambáno* (G2638), to apprehend; *dokéo* (G1380), to think; *logízomai* (G3049), to reckon; *nomízo* (G3543), to suppose; *phronéo* (G5426), to have in mind, think; *kríno* (G2919), to make a judgment, an evaluation; *suníemi* (G4920), to perceive; *epístamai* (G1987), to know well; *punthánomai* (G4441), to inquire; *gnorízo* (G1107), to make known.

G51 agnoema KJC:1 errors Heb 9:7 (from G50)

# άγνόημα

From <u>G50</u>; a thing *ignored*, that is, *shortcoming*: - error.

LXX related word(s): H4870 mishgeh

**G52** agnoia KJC:4 ignorance Acts 3:17, 17:30; Eph 4:18, 1Pe 1:14 (from G50)

# άγνοια

From <u>G50</u>; *ignorance* (properly the quality): - ignorance.

LXX related word(s)

H817 asham	H819 ashmah	<u>H5771</u> avon	H6588 pesha	H7684 shegagah
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