## 1<sup>st</sup> Samuel Chapter 9 – Saul Chosen to be a King

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## Introduction

I thought this was worthy of a deep dive. It's interesting in that it's the next chapter after Israel foolishly said that they want a king of the nations.

## 1Sa 9:1-27 A

Saul despairing to find his father's donkeys

וַיִּהָר־אָישׁ מְבָּנ-יָמִין וּשְׁמוֹ קִישׁ בָּנ־אֲבִיאֵל בֶּנ־צְרוֹר בָּנ־בְּכוֹרַת בָּנ־אֲפִיחַ בָּנ־אִישׁ יְמִינִי גָּבּוֹר חֵיִל  $^{15a\,9:1}$  בּיַאָביאַל בָּנ־צְרוֹר בָּנ־בְּכוֹרַת בָּנ־אֲפִיחַ בָּנ־אִישׁ יְמִינִי גָּבּוֹר חֵיִל בּוֹר בַּנ־בְּכוֹרַת בָּנ־אֲפִיחַ בָּנ־אִישׁ יְמִינִי גָּבּוֹר חֵיִל

Yeshua rode into the Jerusalem on a donkey with a mission to seek "but for the Lost Sheep of the House of Israel". There is a lot of symbolism going on here. Question what is the difference, symbolically speaking, between a donkey and a horse? King David, the conquering King, rides on a horse, The one riding the donkey is a symbol that YHVH is making an offer to go to preach, The one riding the horse is a symbol that YHVH is declaring war, and the offer of Peace has passed. ToDo: need verses associating King David and horses.

Camps of the Horses and Donkeys. Which camp are we in i.e. is it mutually exclusive...I think it is. By being in the "donkey camp" you are saying you're a sovereign to this world and ruled over by King YHVH. If you're not in that camp, then by default you necessarily fall into the "horse camp" and you are ruled by a sovereign be it Esau or David.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> And he had a son, whose name was Saul שָׁאוּל sha·'Ul, a choice young man, and a goodly: and there was not among the children of Israel a goodlier person than he: from his shoulders and upward he was higher than any of the people. <sup>3</sup> And the asses וְּבֹאַבַדְנָה ha·'a·to·Not E of Kish Saul's father were lost וְּבָאַבַּדְנָה vat·to·Vad·nah F. And

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> 1Sa 9; We get the government we deserve. Although this is not what YHVH wanted, he still intervened in picking Shaul as a king like the nations. YHVH was not going to allow Yisrael to slip into anarchy.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Is YHVH restoring the beaten down tribe of Benyamin?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> H7027. From H6983; a bow. ToDo: compare with Word-Study-H7198-qeshet-bow, article #419.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>D</sup> son of the right hand <sup>+</sup> bent <sup>+</sup> My Father El <sup>+</sup> bagged <sup>+</sup> First Born <sup>+</sup> I will make to breath <sup>+</sup> son of the right hand a might power <sup>2</sup> desired <sup>+</sup> prime young man

E H860 אָת'וֹן Probably from the same as H386 (in the sense of patience); a female ass (from its docility): - (she) ass. H386 אֵי עָרָן From an unused root (meaning to continue); permanence; hence (concretely) permanent; specifically a **chieftain**: - hard, mighty, rough, strength, strong.

Kish said to Saul his son, Take now אֶר מֹל יוֹיניל one of the servants with אָרִל יוֹיניל thee, and arise, go seek שׁרְלֵים the asses אָרְלִים the asses אָרְלִים ha-'a-to-Not. <sup>4</sup> And he passed through mount Ephraim אָרְלִים 'ef-Ra-yim, G and passed through the land of Shalisha אָרִלִים sha-Li-shah, H but they found them not: then they passed through the land of Shalim אַרְלִים sha-'a-Lim, I and there they were not: and he passed through the land of the Benjamites, but they found them not. <sup>J</sup> And when they were come to the land of Zuph אול אַרָעוֹיִל אַרְיַם אַלִים אַרְעִייִּל אַרְיַם יִיבּים אַרִים יִיבּים אַרִים יִיבּים יִיבּ

by the counsel of his servant

And he said unto him, Behold now, there is in this city אַלהָי haz-Zot a man of God אָלהִים haz-Zot a man of God אַלהִים haz-Zot a man of God אַלהִים haz-Zot a man of God haz-Zot a ma

and direction of young maidens

<sup>11</sup> And as they went up the hill to the city, help found young maidens יְּלֶרוֹת <sup>ne-'a-Rot</sup> going out to draw water, and said unto them, Is the seer here? here? here? And they answered them, and said, He is; behold, he is before you:

make haste now, for he came to day to the city; for there is a sacrifice יוֹבָר <sup>Ze-vach</sup> of the people to day in the

F See Word-Study-H6-**abad**-perish-destroy-**lost**-G3077-lupe, article #833. The Aleph and Tav are backward i.e. Tav and Aleph. Maybe a stretch, but what if this symbolizes that you got your contract "back asswards" because Israel fired YHVH as their King.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>G</sup> I can't remember, does Ephraim have anything to do with the Lost Sheep?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>H</sup> H8031, BDB says it means 3<sup>rd</sup>. From H8027, KJC:1 i.e. only here. See 2Ki 4:42. Baalshalisha: 1Sa 9:4, 1Sa 9:7

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> H8171 means foxes; plural of H7776, KJC:1 see Gen 33:18; Joh 3:23. H7776 KJC: foxes Jdg 15:4, Psa 63:10, Son 2:15 (2), Lam 5:18, Eze 13:4 Neh 4:3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>J</sup> What deep midrash meaning can I derive from this? Something to do with the story of Joseph me thinks.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>K</sup> **H1672**. See Word-Study-H1711-*dagah*-grow-H1709-*dag*-fish-G2486-*ichthus*-fish, article #643. Where's my *dawgon* son gone to?

L H8670 KJC:1 א יישורה teshûrâh From H7788 in the sense of arrival; a gift: - present. KJC:2 sing Eze 27:25 wentest, Isa 57:9

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>M</sup> See Word-Study-H1875-darash-seek-and-require, article #421.

N A City on the hill

high place בְּבֶּבְ hab·ba·Mah: O 13 As soon as ye be come into the city, ye shall straightway find him, before he go up to the high place to eat: for the people will not eat until he come, because he doth bless the sacrifice; and afterwards they eat that be bidden מָּלְבָּרָאִי hak·ke·ru·lm. Now therefore get you up; for about this time ye shall find him. 14 And they went up into the city: and when they were come into the city, behold, Samuel אוֹם אַנּבְּעָה יֹבּ בּעָה יֹבּ בּעָה יִבּי בּיִי אַרּאַנ came out against them יִבְּבָּעָה ֹל for to go up to the high place יִבְּבָּעָה hab·ba·Mah.

according to God's revelation

- 15 Now YHVH had told Samuel in his ear a day before Saul came, saying,
  - " <sup>16</sup> To morrow about this time I will send thee a man out of the land of Benjamin, and thou shalt anoint him to be captain אָת־ <sup>le-na-Gid P</sup> over my people Israel, that he may save אָת־ <sup>ve-ho-Shi-a'</sup> יִּבְּנִיִּלִי my people out of the hand of the Philistines: for I have looked upon אָת־ <sup>ra-'I-ti</sup> יְבִאַלֶּקתוֹ my people, because their cry צַּעֵקָתוֹ <sup>tza-'a-ka-To</sup> is come unto me."
- And when Samuel saw אֶת־ <sup>ra-'Ah</sup> אֶת־ Saul, YHVH said unto him, Behold the man whom I spake to thee of! this same shall reign אֶת־ <sup>yai-Tzor Q</sup> over my people. <sup>R</sup> Then Saul drew near to אֶת־ <sup>vai-yig-Gash</sup> אֶת־ <sup>vai-yig-Gash</sup> אֶת־ <sup>vai-yig-Gash</sup> אָת־ <sup>yai-Tzor Q</sup> samuel in the gate, and said, Tell me, I pray thee, where the seer's house *is*.

Samuel entertains Saul at the feast

- And Samuel answered אֶלֶה (Saul, and said, I am the seer: go up אֵלֶה (יִּבֶּלֶּהְ 'בִּבֶּלְ before me unto the high place; for ye shall eat with me to day, sand to morrow I will let thee go אָלֵה (יִּבְּלָּהְ יִּבְיּלִּה ve·shil·lach·Ti·cha), and will tell thee all that is in thine heart בְּלְבָּבְּלְּה (bil·va·ve·Cha). And as for thine asses יְּבְּלָהְתְּלוֹת (ve·la·'a·to·Not) that were lost וְלְאָתְלוֹת (שְׁבְּלְהְתִּלִּהְ ha·'oe·Dot) three days ago, set not thy mind on them; for they are found אַבְּדְרוֹת (שִׁרְּבִּלְיִי (שִּׁרְּבִּלְּהְ וֹלִי (שִּׁרְּבִּלְיִי (שִׁרְּבִּלְּהְ (שִׁרְּבִּלְיִי (שִׁרְּבִּלְיִי (שִּׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְּבִּלְיִי (שִׁרְּבִּלְיִי (שִׁרְּבִּלְיִי (שִׁרְּבִּי (שִׁרְּבִי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִּרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִּרְבִּיי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּיי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבְּיִי (שִׁרְבִּייִר (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִׁרְבִּי (שִּבְּיי (שִּבְּיי (שִּבְּיוֹי (שִּבְּיוֹ (שִּבְּיי (שִּבְּיוֹי (שִּבְּי שִּבְּיוֹם שְׁרְבִּיים (שִּבְּיי (שִּבְּייִּי (שִּבְּייִּר (שִּבְּייִי (שִּבְּייִּי (שִּבְייִי (שִּבְייִי (שִּבְייִּי (שִּבְּיי (שִּבְּייִי (שִּבְּייִי (שִּבְּייִי (שִּבְּייִי (שִּבְּייִי (שִּבְּיי (שִּבְייִי (שִּבְּייִּי (שִּבְייִי (שִּבְּייִי (שִּבְּיי (שִּבְּיי (שִּבְּיִּייִי (שִּבְּייִּייִי (שִּבְּייִים (שִּבְייִּיי (שִּבְּייִי (שִּבְּייי (שִּבְּייִילְיוֹבְיייִּיי (שִּבְּייִּים
- <sup>22</sup> And Samuel took אֶת־ <sup>vai·yik·Kach</sup> אֶת־ Saul and his servant, and brought them into the parlour אֶת <sup>lish·Ka·tah</sup>, and made them sit יְמֵל <sup>vai·yit·Ten</sup> in the chiefest לִשְׁכָּתְּם <sup>be·Rosh</sup> place among them that were

O the high place. In Num 21:19 = Bamoth-Baal. Shiloh was now forsaken. No "place" within the meaning of Deut 12. Compare 1Sa 7:10, 1Sa 7:17. Source CB Notes

P See Word-Study-H5057-nagad-ruler-prince-captain-chief-governor-leader, article #835.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>Q</sup> **H6113** Out of the 45 times this word is found in the OT, **only once** is it translated as **reign**. See Word-Study-H6113-atsar, article #???.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>R</sup> Come on buddy, where just out looking for some asses!

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>S</sup> We will break bread together.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>T</sup> How does this not remind one of Yeshua. He was "lost" in the grave three days and three nights

U What good news, Halleluiah to those that were lost but now are found! H4672 מצה matsa KJC:458. Close to matstsah H4682

V All to be found, and then united together. Oh how wonderful and good it is for brethren to live together in unity! Psa 133:1.

W There has got to be a good midrash here. Even with the least of the least, even YHVH can raise him up.

bidden בְּלְרְאִים hak-ke-ru-'Im, which were about thirty 30 persons. <sup>23</sup> And Samuel said unto the cook, Bring te-Nah אָת־ hak-ke-ru-'Im, which I gave thee, of which I said unto thee, Set it by thee. <sup>24</sup> And the cook hat took up אָת־ vai-Ya-rem אָת־ hash-Shok, and that which was upon it, and set it before Saul. And Samuel said, Behold that which is left! הַּלִּיאָר han-nish-'Ar set it before thee, and eat: for unto this time hath it been kept אָת־ sha-mur- for thee since I said, I have invited אָרָאָתִי the people. So Saul did eat with Samuel that day.

Samuel, after secret communication, brings Saul on his way

<sup>ISa 9:26 WLC</sup> וַיַּשְׁכָּמוּ וַיְהָיֹ בַּעֲלָוֹת הַשַּׁחַר´וַיִּקְרָא שְׁמוּאֵל אֶל־שָׁאוּל <del>ֹחַנְּג</del> הַאֲמֶּה לֵאמֹר קוּמָה וַאֲשַׁלְּחֶדָּ וַיְּקָם שָׁאוּל וַיִּצְאוּ שְׁנִיהֶם תוּא וּשְׁמוּאֵל הַחִוּצָה:

27 And as they were going down to the end of the city, Samuel said to Saul, Bid the servant pass on before us, (and he passed on,) but stand thou still אֲמִר 'a-Mod 'ye-'at-Tah' a while, that I may shew thee אֱמִר 've-'ash-mi-'a-Cha 'אֱמִר' of God 'אֱמִר' of God 'אֱמִר' אַלּהִים 'Ve-'ash-mi-'a-Cha 'אֱמִר' אַלּהִים 'Ve-'ash-mi-'a-Cha 'אֱמִר' אַלּהִים 'Ve-'ash-mi-'a-Cha 'אֱמִר' אַלְהִים 'Ve-'ash-mi-'a-Cha 'אֱמִר' אַלְהִים 'Ve-'ash-mi-'a-Cha 'אַמָּר' אַלְהִים 'Ve-'ash-mi-'a-Cha 'אַמָּר' אַלְהַיִּם 'Ve-'ash-mi-'a-Cha 'אַמָּר' אַמְר' אַלְּהַיִּם 'Ve-'ash-mi-'a-Cha 'אַמָּר' אַמְר' אַלְּהַיִּם 'Ve-'ash-mi-'a-Cha 'אַמָּר' אַלְּהַיִּם 'Ve-'ash-mi-'a-Cha 'אַמָּר' אַמְר' אַמְּרָיִם 'Ve-'ash-mi-'a-Cha 'אַמָּר' אַמְר' אַמְר' אַמְּרָר' אַמְּרָרִים 'Ve-'ash-mi-'a-Cha 'אַמָּר' אַמְר' אַמְר' אַמְּרַר' אַמְר' אָמְר' אַמְר' אַמְי אַמְר' אַמְר' אַמְר' אַמְר' אַמְר' אַמְר' אַמְר

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1Sa 9:1 Now there was a man of Benjamin, H1144 whose name was bent Kish, H7027 the son of
El is my Father Abiel, H22 the son of
bundle, parcel, bag Zeror, H6872 the son of
first born Bechorath, H1064 the son of
I will make to breath Aphiah, H647
son of the right hand Benjamite, H1145
gibbor a mighty man H1368 of
chayil power. H2428
1Sa 9:2
desired was Saul, H7586
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bachur [prime young man] a choice young man, $^{H970}$  son of the right hand + bent + My Father El bagged + First Born + I will make to breath+ son of the right hand a might power  $^2$  desired + prime young man

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>X</sup> See "Plan A" page 5 of 1st-Samuel-Chapter-8-the-Origin-of-the-Devine-Right-of-King-(Plan-B), article #431, where I speak of Deu 17:14-17 and Deu 17:18-19.